# Material Safety Data Sheet

## **Complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200**

Date of Preparation: February 10, 2012

Section 1

Masterpiece Woodworking Products, Inc. For Information: (866) 362-1388 222-B Fairburn Industrial Boulevard (770) 306-9590

Fairburn, GA 30213-1658

In Case of Emergency: {Add Chemtrec Information Once Approved}

Trade Name: Masterpiece Wood Finish Basecoat and Midcoat

Product Class: Linseed Oil Mfg's Code: 872 Health: 1, Flammability: 1, Reactivity: 0

Tung Oil/China Wood Oil Mfg's Code: B740-0003 Health: 1, Flammability: 0, Reactivity: 0

Odorless Mineral Spirits Health: 2, Flammability: 2, Reactivity: 0

Product Appearance and Odor: Brown Colored Liquid with Mild Odor

## Section 2 – Hazardous Ingredients

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Ingredient	CAS#	Percent	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)	Vapor Pressure
Cobalt Neodecanoate	27253-31-2	<0.05			0.05 mg/m3		Not Available
Cobalt 2 – Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	<0.05	0.05 mg/m3				Not Available
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	<0.10	525 mg/m3	.80ppm	400ppm		2.0 mm Hg @ 20°C
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	<0.05					<0.1 mm Hg @ 20 °C
Manganese Neodecanoate	27253-32-3	<0.01	5 mg/m3		5 mg/m3		Not Available
Manganese 2- Ethylhexanoate	15956-58-8	<0.01	5 mg/m3				Not Available

#### Section 3 – Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air.

If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by

qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eye Contact: If irritation or redness develop, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes

with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected areas thoroughly by washing

with mild soap and water. If irritation or redness develop and persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth, because this material can enter the lungs

and cause severe lung damage. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with

% Volatile by Volume:

head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention.

## Section 4 - Physical Data

The following data represent approximate or typical values. They do not constitute product specifications.

Boiling Point: >300°F Vapor Density: Heavier than Air

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether

Weight per Gallon: 7.82-7.85 lbs.

Solubility in Water: Negligible, Less than 5%

Section 5 - Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability Classification: Combustible Liquid – Class IIIB Flash Point: >500°F (Cleveland Open Cup)

Lower Explosive Limit: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Sand

Unusual Fire and Explosive Hazards: DANGER: Rags, Steel Wool or Waste Soaked with Boiled Linseed Oil May

Spontaneously Catch Fire if Improperly Discarded. Immediately After Each Use, Place Rags, Steel Wool, or Waste in a Sealed, Water-Filled Metal Container. The time frame and conditions under which materials

Negligible

may spontaneously catch fire are unpredictable. If rags or other application materials (including any materials containing linseed oil mixtures) are to be set aside, even for short periods of time, they should be placed in sealed, water-filled metal containers until final disposal. Do

not store with strong oxidizing materials.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Avoid use of water, but if only alternative, implement. Use water to keep

fire-exposed containers cool. The use of self-contained breathing

apparatus is recommended for fire fighters.

#### Section 6 - Health Hazard Data

Threshold Limit Value: Not Established for Mixture, See Section 2

Effects of Overexposure

Inhalation: Mild irritation of nose and throat. Breathing of high vapor concentrations may

produce narcosis.

Skin Contact: Sensitive individuals may experience dermatitis. Eye Contact: May cause redness, tearing, and irritation.

Ingestion: Large amounts may cause gastro-intestinal upset.

Carcinogenicity: Components of this product have not been identified as carcinogens by NTP,

IARC, or OSHA.

Section 7 - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable-spontaneous combustion can occur. See unusual fire and

explosion procedures - Section 5.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. High surface area exposure

to oxygen can result in polymerization and release of heat.

Incompatibility: Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition may yield carbon dioxide and/or carbon

monoxide. Aldehydes (including acrolein) may be produced from atmospheric oxidation and/or thermal degradation under severe

pressure.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## Section 8 - Spill or Leak Procedures

Steps to be taken in case material is spilled or released: Provide adequate ventilation.

Depending on quantity of spill:

1) Add sand, shovel or scoop into disposal container and hose or wash down area. Do not use oil dri or clay because of spontaneous combustion possibility.

2) Squeegee into pick up container and wash area.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Caution: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback.

## Section 9 - Safe Handling and Use Information

Respiratory Protection: Use self-contained breathing apparatus where vapor concentrations may be

above TLV limits. Below the TLV limits, use a NIOSH-approved vapor respirator

or an air line respirator with escape provisions.

Ventilation: Intermittent clean air exchanges recommended. Exhaust air may need to be

cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contaminations.

Protective Gloves: Neoprene rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Wear safety goggles or glasses to guard against splashes.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye wash and safety shower. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact,

wear impervious clothing and boots.

## Section 10 - Special Precautions

Dept. of Labor Safety Category: Combustible Liquid – Class IIIB

Hygienic Practices: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep containers closed when

not in use. Avoid eye contact. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or inhalation. Wash skin with soap and water after contact. Eye

washes and safety showers in the workplace are recommended.

Additional Precautions: Ground containers when transferring liquid to prevent static

accumulation and discharge. Rags and waste paper containing this material may heat and burn spontaneously. Waste materials should therefore be promptly disposed of by discarding in sealed, water-filled

container immediately.

Additional information regarding safe handling of products with static accumulation potential can be ordered by contacting the American Petroleum Institute (API) for API Recommended Practice 2003, entitled "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lighting, and Stray Currents" (American Petroleum Institute, 1720 L Street Northwest, Washington, DC 20005), or the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) for NFPA 77 entitled "Static Electricity" (National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101).

**Empty Container Warning:** 

Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly returned to supplier or disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. "Empty" drums should not be given to individuals.

#### Section 11 – Additional Information

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Ammendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

TOXIC CHEMICAL	CAS#	APPROXIMATE % BY WEIGHT
None	None	None

SARA Title III Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard,

and Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause

cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Transportation: Not regulated by the U.S. D.O.T. as a hazardous material.

#### **Company Policy or Disclaimer**

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.